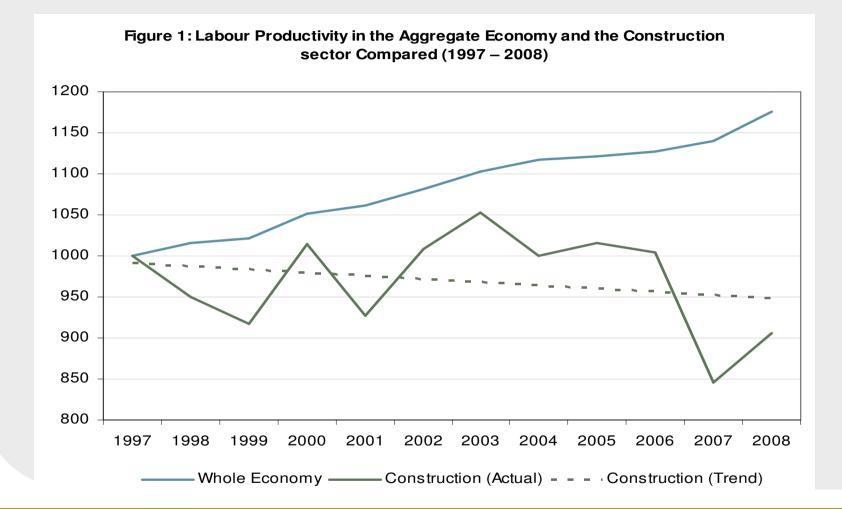






## What's the Problem?





## Industry Response

- To establish a Taskforce of industry and central Government leaders to develop:
  - A sector wide skills strategy
  - An improved approach to the procurement of construction projects
- The Taskforce released its report on 24 July 2009
  - See www.dbh.govt.nz/sector-productivity-taskforce





## Who was on the Taskforce?

- Peter Fehl, Director Property Services, University of Auckland (Chair)
- Peter Gomm, Chief Operating Officer, Mainzeal
- Peter Neven, General Manager Infrastructure Division, Fletcher Building
- Ruma Karaitiana, Chief Executive, Building and Construction Industry Training Organisation
- **Brent Mettrick**, Managing Director Stonewood Homes and President Registered Master Builders, Registered Master Builders Federation
- Richard Merrifield, Chairman, Certified Builders Association of New Zealand
- Trevor Kempton, Managing Director, Naylor Love Ltd
- Richard Michael, Chief Executive, New Zealand Contractors Federation
- Andrew Cleland, Chief Executive, Institution of Professional Engineers New Zealand
- Nigel Bickle, Deputy Chief Executive, Department of Building and Housing

with the participation of:

- Mark Steel, Deputy Secretary, Industry and Regional Development Branch, Ministry of Economic Development
- Peter Mersi, Deputy Secretary, The Treasury





## Roadmap

Improving sector productivity and performance by:

- Improving Skills
- Improving Procurement practice

What happens next





# Improving sector productivity and performance through improving skills





## Is skills the issue?

- Low labour productivity in the sector could be the result of one or more of:
  - Low skill levels
  - Impact of regulation on the sector
  - Low levels of innovation
  - Increasing building quality
  - Poor procurement practice impacting on how the work is actually done



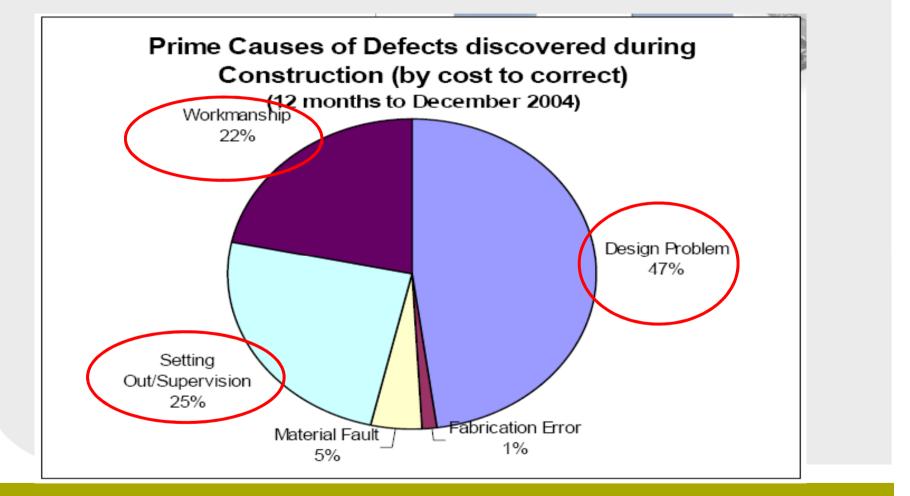


#### 69% of buildings have a defect at the time of handover, which has some impact on the client

Source: CAENZ Survey of \$400m of building work in 2006











**Table 1:** Highest qualification held by individuals employed in occupations in the Building Construction Industry, 2006.

Occupation (NZSCO99 v1.0)	No Qualification	School Qualification	Vocational	Bachelor Degree or Higher
12218 Construction Manager	7%	20%	51%	21%
71121 Carpenter and/or Joiner	18%	25%	55%	2%
71122 Builder	19%	32%	46%	3%
91512 Builder's Labourer	33%	34%	29%	4%
91514 General Labourer	44%	37%	16%	4%
All Occupations	19%)	35%)	27%	19%

Source: 2006 Census of Population and Dwellings, Statistics New Zealand





#### Percentage of construction industry employees with low literacy and numeracy

	1996	2006
Document literacy	48%	52%
Numeracy	Not available	48%

Source: Ministry of Education, International Adult Literacy Survey and Adult Literacy and Life Skills Survey





## **Overarching Goal**

- Ensuring that the sector has the skills and expertise needed to develop NZ's economic and social infrastructure
- This requires:
  - being able to recruit and retain highly skilled employees to the sector
  - the sector providing a rewarding career with multiple career paths at all levels, from trade/technical to management/professional

with the result that

- talented employees will have incentives to invest in developing their skills and careers
- skill levels and productivity will develop in the sector over time.





### Critical elements - I

- The sector being able to offer talented potential employees the prospect of job security and a career
- Clear pathways into the sector at all levels
- Clear career paths and opportunities for employees to progress to all levels
- Clear information on the training opportunities available to meet employees' career aspirations





## Critical elements - II

- Creating incentives for continuous professional development
  - Eg: through licensing of building practitioners and
  - ensuring that meaningful training and development opportunities are available to support licensing requirements
- Entry level training that meets the needs of employees and firms
  - Meeting projected demand for skills
  - Number and range of qualifications on offer (60+ carpentry quals?)
  - Ensuring funding mechanisms do not distort training choices
  - Consistency and standard of assessment





## The change needed ....

- Industry working with ITOs, tertiary education sector, Careers and other Government agencies at a <u>strategic</u> level on a sector skills strategy:
  - Career opportunities
  - Career pathways
  - Training opportunities linked to career structures/licensing requirements
  - Supply and demand for skills and the direction of training funding
    - Including management/construction management skills, not just entry level
  - Structure of qualifications and assessment





# Improving sector productivity and performance through improving procurement





Why does procurement matter?

How work is procured can influence:

- Industry's understanding of the forward work programme, the skills and equipment required to do the job and the training and investment required to meet future demand
- how a building is to be built, and how well the available skills will be used
- the efficiency of the construction process, and the level of rework required.





## What the Taskforce found...

Taskforce looked at the Government's procurement practice as a starting point for improving procurement more widely and found:

- Low transparency of the Government's forward work programme
- A wider variation in capacity and capability across major Government procuring agencies
  - Some good knowledge of the various procurement approaches, but mixed ability to apply them in practice
- Procurement practice was not being used to support improved skill development within the sector
- Bespoke designs for reasonably common building types/components





## What the Taskforce recommended ....

- Greater transparency of the Government's rolling forward work programme, especially in the first 3-5 years of that programme
  - Government's forthcoming National Infrastructure Plan supports this direction
- Improving Government procurement capability through a Government Construction Client Forum to develop & apply best practice procurement methods & boost capability
  - Government's wider procurement reforms supports this direction through the establishment of "centres of expertise" across the state sector
- Incorporating skill development requirements into Government procurement contracts through a "pre-qualification" scheme
- Where practicable, the Government standardises building components and systems in its own sectors such as education, health and corrections.





# What next?

- Taskforce report was released on 24 July 2009
  - www.dbh.govt.nz/sector-productivity-taskforce
- The report challenges the sector to take a greater leadership role on key skills and procurement issues
  - A group of sector leaders is expected to be formed to move the Taskforce recommendations forward
- The Cabinet will be considering the Taskforce report in the next few months, and a formal Government response will be announced



